



PATIENT

Lucy Manchaz

SPECIES

Canine

BREED

Chihuahua

SEX

Female Spayed

AGE

NP

WEIGHT

16.4lbs

INTERPRETED BY

Maggie Machen
 Lamy, DVM, DACVIM
 (Cardiology)

IMAGING PERFORMED BY

Jenna Walsh, CVT

HOSPITAL NAME

Santa Clara Animal
 Hospital

REFERRING VET

Dr. Zulauf

INVOICE

27983

DATE

12/13/22

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

History: Grade 5/6 left systolic heart murmur. Occasional syncopal episodes along with vocalizing (screaming) after coughing episodes.
 -Current medications Enalapril 5mg SID, Furosemide 6.25mg BID, Vetmedin 1.2 mg SID.

RADIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS *NOTE: Images submitted for supplemental cardiac information only. (9/15/2022) Significant cardiomegaly with evidence of CHF.

ELECTROCARDIOGRAPHIC FINDINGS *Note: Single lead ECGs are evaluated as a rhythm strip. Morphology/MEA cannot be definitively commented on.

A single lead ECG is available; 50mm/s, 10mm/mV. The average heart rate is 190bpm with a largely regular rhythm. The rhythm is sinus in origin, with a p for every QRS complex and vice versa. The P and QRS morphologies are positive. No ectopic beats, pauses or dysrhythmias observed.

ECG diagnosis: Normal sinus tachycardia.

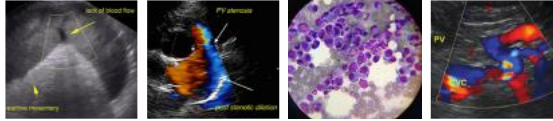
ECHOCARDIOGRAM FINDINGS

2D, m-mode, color flow and doppler imaging is available. Diffuse thickening of mitral valve leaflets with significant prolapse into the left atrial lumen. Flail leaflet visualized. Severe eccentric mitral regurgitation with severe left atrial dilation. Elevated MR velocity. Mild LV dilation with hyperdynamic myocardial function. The tricuspid valve appears thickened with mild TR. Velocity consistent with mild pulmonary hypertension. Mild right atrial and ventricular diameter and morphology. Mild MPA prominence. The pulmonic and aortic valves are normal in morphology and mobility. Normal aortic and pulmonic outflow velocities with laminar flow. No AI/PI. No pericardial or pleural effusion noted. No obvious cardiac masses.

CARDIAC CHART

CANINE CARDIAC PARAMETERS	MR VMAX (m/s)	TR VMAX (m/s)	LA/AO (Boon method)	LA/AO (Heart Base; Swe)	FS (%)	EF (%)	EPSS (cm)
NORMAL PARAMETER	4.5-5.5	<2.7	1.3	<1.6	28-40	40-100	<0.6
PATIENT	6.5	3.0	2.1	2.2	60	92	NM
CANINE CARDIAC PARAMETERS	HR (BPM)	AV VMAX (m/s)	PV MAX (m/s)	BODY WEIGHT (kg)	LA 2D short axis Base view (cm)	LVIDd Avg; 2D and m-mode short axis (cm)	LVIDs Avg; 2D and m-mode short axis (cm)
NORMAL PARAMETER	50-100	0.7-1.7	0.7-1.6	BELOW	BELOW	BELOW	BELOW
PATIENT	NM	2.0	1.1	7.4	2.9	3.7	1.4
*Normal chamber parameters expressed as a mean value (SD)				3	1.27 (5.3)	2.46 (2.46)	1.36 (5.5)
BODY WEIGHT DEPENDENT PARAMETERS				5	1.40 (4.5)	2.74 (5.2)	1.60 (4.7)
				10	1.50 (3.8)	3.27 (3.5)	2.06 (3.1)
				15	1.83 (2.0)	3.71 (2.4)	2.43 (2.1)
				20	2.02 (1.9)	4.14 (2.2)	2.80 (2.0)

Adapted from June Boon, Veterinary Echocardiography, 1998
 Rishniw M and Hollis NE, J Vet Intern Med 2000; 14:429-435



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Hansson et al, Vet Rad and Ultrasound 2002 Bonagura et al. Echocardiography: principles of interpretation, Vet Clin North Am 15:1177, 1995	25	2.18 (2.4)	4.48 (2.9)	3.10 (2.5)
	30	2.33 (3.3)	4.83 (3.9)	3.39 (3.4)
	35	2.48 (4.3)	5.17 (5.0)	3.69 (4.5)
	40	2.62 (5.2)	5.48 (6.1)	3.96 (5.4)
	50	2.88 (7.1)	6.07 (8.3)	4.46 (7.4)

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

The cause of the murmur is chronic degenerative valve disease causing severe mitral and mild tricuspid regurgitation. Severe left atrial enlargement indicates the risk for spontaneous congestive heart failure is elevated. Mild pulmonary hypertension is noted, which is likely secondary to chronic LA pressure elevation and active congestion. No additional issues are identified and the ECG is unremarkable.

In light of a reported cough, chest radiograph findings and severity of disease on echocardiogram, the diagnosis is congestive heart failure and continued medications are warranted lifelong as below. Syncope is noted associated with coughing, which is likely consistent with vaso-vagal events. Controlling the cough should hopefully control the episodes. Should syncope persist in the future, this should be reconsidered.

Monitoring of sleeping respiratory rates will be paramount to screen for congestive heart failure at home. Cough suppression to improve QOL can also be considered (hydrocodone, 0.2-0.4mg/kg up to q4-6h PRN) for any residual mechanical cough in the face of normal sleeping respiratory rates. The average survival time of canine patients with active pulmonary edema is 8-9 months on medications, however they generally are able to maintain a good quality of life for that period. Patient will always be at risk for recurrent CHF, development of arrhythmias/LA tear, syncope and/or sudden death in the future.

Omega fatty acid supplementation and mild salt restriction may also be of some long-term benefit. Monitor for acute progression of the cough, labored breathing, exercise intolerance or collapse episodes in the future.

PLAN

Administer Pimobendan 0.3mg/kg PO q12h. Administer Furosemide 1-2mg/kg PO q12h. Institute spironolactone 1-2mg/kg PO q12h. Increased Enalapril to 0.5mg/kg PO q12h, pending BP >130mmhg.

Monitor SRRs at home. Monitor renal values and BP every 3-4 months while on diuretics. Consider hydrocodone if needed for QOL.

Recommend conservative monitoring with a recheck echocardiogram in 6 months, sooner if any development of associated clinical signs occurs in the interim.



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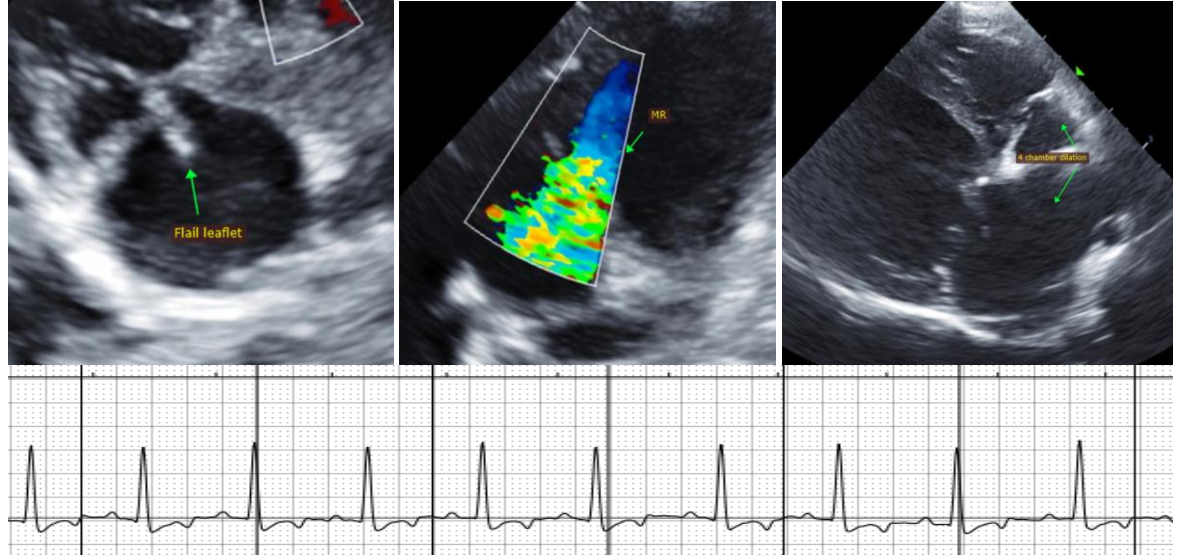
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IMAGES



The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. This report was generated using transcription software, and minor dictation errors may be present. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance, please contact me.

Maggie Machen Lamy, DVM
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info@sonopath.com